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Human EBLN2 ORF Clone in Lentiviral Vector (Myc-DYKDDDDK Tag)

Overview	
Quantity:	10 μg
Gene:	EBLN2
Species:	Human
Fusion tag:	Myc-DYKDDDDK Tag
Insert:	ORF
Vector:	Lentiviral Vector
Application:	Protein Expression (PExp)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Lentiviral Vector with ORF clone of Human endogenous Borna-like N element-2 (EBLN2), C-term Myc-DDK-tagged
Brand:	LentiORF
Insert Length:	819 bp
Vector Backbone:	pLenti-C-Myc-DDK
Promoter:	CMV Promoter
Bacterial Resistance:	Chloramphenicol
Expression Type:	Transient
Specificity:	Restriction Site: Sgfl-Mlul
Characteristics:	Myc-DDK tagged, C-terminal
	Broad cell spectrum: Lentivirus infect most cells, dividing & non-dividing, easy-to-transfect &
	hard-to-transfect cells.
	High transduction efficiency
	Convenience: Minimal need for optimization.

Product Details Safety: 3rd generation system with improved biosafety. Components: 10 µg of lyophilized plasmid **Target Details** FBI N2 Gene: Alternative Name: endogenous Borna-like N element-2 (EBLN2) (EBLN2 Products) Background: May act as an RNA-binding protein. The C-terminal region is highly homologous to the bornavirus nucleocapsid N protein that binds viral RNA and oligomerizes. The viral protein also possesses a nuclear import and a nuclear export signal. These 2 signals seem absent in EBLN-2 supporting an unrelated function in Human. [UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot Function] NCBI Accession: NM_018029, NP_060499 **Application Details** In hard-to-transfect cells: Detection and purification of over-expressed protein Application Notes: Restrictions: For Research Use only

Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Publications	
Product cited in:	Johnson, Drugan, Miller, Evans: "38" in: , Vol. 1363, Issue Nucleic acids research, pp. 28-39, (