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# Datasheet for ABIN5430940 Human KIR2DL5A ORF Clone in Mammalian Expression Vector (Myc-DYKDDDDK Tag)

#### Overview

Quantity:	10 µg
Gene:	KIR2DL5A
Species:	Human
Fusion tag:	Myc-DYKDDDDK Tag
Insert:	ORF
Vector:	Mammalian Expression Vector
Application:	Protein Expression (PExp)
Product Details	
Purpose:	Mammalian Vector with ORF clone of Human killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptor, two
	domains, long cytoplasmic tail, 5A (KIR2DL5A)
Brand:	TrueORF
Insert Length:	1128 bp
Vector Backbone:	pCMV6-Entry
Promoter:	CMV Promoter
Bacterial Resistance:	Kanamycin
Expression Type:	Transient
Specificity:	Restriction Site: Sgfl-Mlul
Sequencing Primer:	VP1.5 (forward) 5'GGACTTTCCAAAATGTCG 3', XL39 (reverse) 5'ATTAGGACAAGGCTGGTGGG
	3'
Grade:	End-sequenced
Components:	The ORF clone is ion-exchange column purified, transfection-ready dried plasmid DNA, and
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shipped with 2 vector sequencing primers.

## Target Details

Gene:	KIR2DL5A
Abstract:	KIR2DL5A Products
Background:	Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several 'framework' genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules, thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response.
NCBI Accession:	NM_020535, NP_065396

### Application Details

Restrictions:	For Research Use only
Handling	
Format:	Lyophilized
Storage:	4 °C/-20 °C
Publications	
Product cited in:	Johnson, Drugan, Miller, Evans: "38" in: , Vol. 1363, Issue Nucleic acids research, pp. 28-39, ( 1991)